

AUDIT REPORT of RIDGWAY AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Ridgway, Pennsylvania

A.U.N. 1-09-24-600-3

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Table of Contents
June 30, 2017

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	16
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund	20
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	22
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	26
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	27
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	29
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Scholarship Funds	30
Notes to Financial Statements	31
Required Supplementary Information: GASB 45 Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions (OPEB)	50

DuBois Area School District

Table of Contents (continued)
June 30, 2017

Calcadula of Duay ortionata Chana of Nat	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (NPL)	51
Schedule of District Contributions	52
Supplemental Information:	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	53
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	54

Larry A. Gabler, CPA Megan R. Troxell, CPA Gregory L. Yutzey, CPA Inactive Telephone: (814) 371-1760 Fax: (814) 375-1003 Email: info@mygtcpa.com P.O. Box 1029 2882 Oklahoma Salem Road DuBois, PA 15801

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Ridgway Area School District
P.O. Box 447, Boot Jack Road
Ridgway, PA 15853

Members of the Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ridgway Area School District, Ridgway, PA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.





We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ridgway Area School District, Ridgway, PA, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 13 and the schedules listed as Required Supplemental Information on pages 50 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ridgway Area School District, Ridgway, PA's basic financial statements. The financial information listed as supplemental information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 22, 2018, on our consideration of Ridgway Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Ridgway Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauthe, Yutzey, Gabler & Troxell, LLC

Manthe, Jukey, Labler Shaped uc

Certified Public Accountants

May 22, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

As management of the Ridgway Area School District (School District), we offer readers of the School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the School District's accompanying financial statement, which immediately follows this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the School District fell below its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$6,345,633) (net position). Of this amount, (\$14,990,527) (unrestricted) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The School District's total net position decreased by \$143,235. The decrease is attributed to an increase in expenditures including pension and health insurance expenses.
- As of the close of the current year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$4,857,314, an increase of \$330,974 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$2,813,516, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,813,516, or 21.6 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>. The government-wide financial statements (pages 14 -17) are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation or sick leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the School District include all of the School Board's services including instruction, support services, maintenance and transportation. The business-type activities of the School District consist of the food service program.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term-financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School District maintains two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of these funds.

The School District adopts an annual budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 - 24 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The School District has one enterprise fund (a type of proprietary fund) to account for its food service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 to 28 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

Fiduciary funds. The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds and various scholarship funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported on pages 29 to 30. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

<u>Notes to the financial statement</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 to 49 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type			
	Activities		Activ	vities	Total		
	2016	2017	2016 2017		2016	2017	
Current and Other Assets	6,601,055	7,011,472	30,462	41,490	6,631,517	7,052,962	
Capital Assets	8,902,388	8,638,848	10,048	6,046	8,912,436	8,644,894	
Total Assets	15,503,443	15,650,320	40,510	47,536	15,543,953	15,697,856	
Deferred Outflows	1,510,707	4,134,881	3,460	0	1,514,167	4,134,881	
Total Assets and Deferred							
Outflows	17,014,150	19,785,201	43,970	47,536	17,058,120	19,832,737	
Long Term Liabilities Outstanding	21,005,799	24,157,585	22,361	20,186	21,028,160	24,177,771	
Other Liabilities	1,316,319	1,221,963	8,039	8,636	1,324,358	1,230,599	
Deferred Inflows	908,000	770,000	0	0	908,000	770,000	
Total Liabilities and Deferred							
Inflows	23,230,118	26,149,548	30,400	28,822	23,260,518	26,178,370	
Net Position:							
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	8,902,388	8,638,848	10,048	6,046	8,912,436	8,644,894	
Restricted							
Unrestricted	(15,118,356)	(15,003,195)	3,522	12,668	(15,114,834)	(14,990,527)	
Total Net Position	(6,215,968)	(6,364,347)	13,570	18,714	(6,202,398)	(6,345,633)	

A portion of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

At the end of the current fiscal year, the School District reports a negative net position for the government as a whole and the separate governmental activities. The governmental activities has a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$(15,003,195) primarily driven by the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) pursuant to GASB Statement No.68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.27. The same situation was true for the prior fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities		Busines		Total		
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Service	22,453	27,627	208,792	194,123	231,245	221,750	
Operating Grants & Contributions	2,880,326	3,062,802	319,568	318,416	3,199,894	3,381,218	
Capital Grants & Contributions	0	0			0	0	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	3,314,640	3,422,513			3,314,640	3,422,513	
Other Taxes (OA, P/C, EIT, OPT)	1,299,766	1,370,867			1,299,766	1,370,867	
Grants, Subsidy	5,347,175	5,458,949			5,347,175	5,458,949	
Interest Earnings	18,200	33,775	45	49	18,245	33,824	
Other	36,352	128,929	82,647	127,143	118,999	256,072	
Total Revenues	12,918,912	13,505,462	611,052	639,731	13,529,964	14,145,193	
Expenses:							
Unallocated Depreciation	5,006	5,006			5,006	5,006	
Instruction	8,115,230	8,688,935			8,115,230	8,688,935	
Instructional Student Support	1,370,495	1,092,642			1,370,495	1,092,642	
Admin. & Financial Support Services	1,386,458	1,224,076			1,386,458	1,224,076	
Operation & Maint. of Plant Services	1,433,393	1,494,645			1,433,393	1,494,645	
Pupil Transportation	756,271	752,385			756,271	752,385	
Student Activities	220,042	239,307			220,042	239,307	
Community Services	12,277	13,461			12,277	13,461	
Interest on Long Term Debt	0	0			0	0	
Other	6	16,241			6	16,241	
Food Service	82,647	127,143	633,674	634,587	716,321	761,730	
Total Expenses	13,381,825	13,653,841	633,674	634,587	14,015,499	14,288,428	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(462,913)	(148,379)	(22,622)	5,144	(485,535)	(143,235)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

<u>Governmental activities</u>. Governmental activities decreased the School District's net position by \$148,379, thereby accounting for 104% of the decrease in the net position of the School District. Key elements of this increase are attributed to increases in expenditures.

<u>Business-type activities</u>. Business-type activities increased the School District's net position by \$5,144, thereby accounting for 4% of the increase in the net position of the School District. The increase is due to a mid-year retirement in the department.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,857,314, an increase of \$330,974 in comparison to the prior year. Of this total amount, \$2,813,516 constitutes unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is committed to indicate that it's not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) for capital projects (\$293,798), 2) committed for future retirement costs (\$1,750,000).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,813,516, while total fund balance reached \$4,563,516. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21.6 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 35.1 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the School District's General Fund increased by \$328,266 during the current fiscal year.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. The School District's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Food Service Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$18,714. The total increase in net position was \$5,144. Other factors concerning this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the School District's business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were relatively minor.

Fluctuations between original budget and actual revenue/costs are as follows:

- Actual revenues were approximately \$496,624 over budget.
- Actual costs were \$75,130 under budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>. The School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounts to \$8,644,894 (net of related debt and accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements and machinery and equipment. The total decrease in the School District's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3 percent and is mainly attributable to current year depreciation. Additional detail is included in Note 6 to the financial statements.

	Governmental		Business-Type				
	Activ	Activities		Activities Activities		Total	
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
Land & Improvements	175,382	170,376			175,382	170,376	
Buildings & Improvements	8,106,473	8,043,190			8,106,473	8,043,190	
Machinery & Equipment	387,662	425,282	10,048	6,046	397,710	431,328	
Construction in Progress	232,871	0			232,871	0	
TOTAL	8,902,388	8,638,848	10,048	6,046	8,912,436	8,644,894	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District continues to monitor cost increases closely. Our District continues to battle with the increased costs of Health Insurance as well as rising retirement rates, outside placements and cyber charter expenses.

Increasing retirement costs are and will be a major financial concern for the District. The district has committed \$1,750,000 of net position/fund balance to defray these increases.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

The district's health care costs are at an all-time high. We are seeing 8 to 10% increases on the Health Care Plans sponsored by the District putting further strain on controlling costs within the district. The health care costs are a main point of contention in the negotiation process. The new insurance plans in place through the IU9 Consortium have been started with the 2017/2018 school year and they seem to be allowing Districts to better manage and help control costs. We have been able to add the High Deductible plans to both bargaining unit contracts and hopefully this with have a positive impact on our ability to control health care expenses.

As the economy starts to see some positive movement we are hoping that this will result in an increase in the District's local tax collection. We have also seen some increased collection of Occupation and Per Capita tax, utilizing Berkheimer as our collector. There is however significant concern with the focus of the legislature on the elimination of property tax, this would have a significant effect on the District as our local revenues from real estate tax makes up approximately 23% of total budget.

There has been little movement by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania outside of the increase in state share of retirement. The Commonwealth has also been victim of and has suffered from the downturn in the economy and therefor has not increased the state share of expenses other than retirement.

With state budget stalemates becoming an acceptable practice it becomes even more prudent for the District to monitor costs and maintain some level of reserves. Our current reserve level would prevent the District from having to borrow money in the event of an extended budget standoff by the State.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Ridgway Area School District, P.O. Box 447, Ridgway, PA, ATTN: Business Administrator.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	G	overnmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Certificates of Deposit Taxes Receivable, Net	\$	2,352,632 2,994,673 1,027,895	\$ 18,741	\$ 2,371,373 2,994,673 1,027,895
Intergovernmental Receivables Other Receivables		576,830 59,442	4,138	580,968 59,442
Inventories Capital Assets Land and Improvements,		·	18,611	18,611
Net of Depreciation Building and Building Improvements,		170,376		170,376
Net of Depreciation Fixtures and Equipment,		8,043,190		8,043,190
Net of Depreciation	-	425,282	 6,046	 431,328
Total Assets	\$	15,650,320	\$ 47,536	\$ 15,697,856
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,134,881	 - 0 -	 4,134,881
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	19,785,201	\$ 47,536	\$ 19,832,737

Statement of Net Position (continued)
June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$ 104,953 1,098,951 18,059	\$ 1,901	\$ 106,854 1,098,951 18,059
Student Lunch Advances Non-Current Liabilities:	. 5,555	6,735	6,735
Compensated Absences Other Post Employment Benefits Net Pension Liability	499,979 514,606 23,143,000	20,186	520,165 514,606 23,143,000
Total Liabilities	25,379,548	28,822	25,408,370
Deferred Inflows of Resources	770,000	- 0 -	770,000
NET POSITION			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	8,638,848	6,046	8,644,894
Unrestricted	(15,003,195)	12,668	(14,990,527)
Total Net Position	(6,364,347)	18,714	(6,345,633)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 19,785,201	\$ 47,536	\$ 19,832,737

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues** Changes in Net Position Capital Operating Grants and Grants and Charges for Governmental Business-Type Functions/Programs Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Expenses Governmental Activities: Instruction: 6,690,568 \$ 300 \$ 1,095,703 \$ \$ (5,594,565) \$ (5,594,565) Regular Instruction (883,525)Special Instruction 1,988,128 1,104,603 (883,525)Other Instructional Programs 10,239 830 (9,409)(9,409)**Total Instructional Services** 8,688,935 300 2,201,136 - 0 -(6,487,499)- 0 -(6,487,499)Support Services: Pupil Personnel 501.018 53.330 (447.688)(447.688)Instructional Staff 408,802 51,821 (356.981)(356.981)Administration 971,863 104,409 (867,454)(867,454)Pupil Health 182,822 36,972 (145.850)(145.850)**Business Services** 252,213 27.244 (224,969)(224,969)Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,494,645 171,199 (1,323,446)(1,323,446)Student Transportation Services 752,385 388,844 (363,541)(363,541)Other Support Services 16,241 (16,241)(16,241)**Total Support Services** 4,579,989 - () -833,819 - 0 -(3,746,170)- 0 -(3,746,170)Non-Instructional Services: Student Activities 239,307 27,327 26,334 (185,646)(185,646)Community Services 13,461 1,513 (11.948)(11.948)**Unallocated Depreciation Expense** 5,006 (5,006)(5,006)Total Non-Instructional Services 257,774 27,327 27,847 - () -(202,600)- 0 -(202,600)27,627 3,062,802 - 0 -- 0 -**Total Governmental Activities** 13,526,698 (10,436,269)(10,436,269)Business-Type Activities: **Food Services** 634,587 318,416 - 0 -- 0 -(122,048)(122,048)194,123 **Total Primary Government** \$ 14,161,285 221,750 3,381,218 \$ - 0 -\$ (10,436,269) (122,048)\$ (10,558,317)

Ridgway Area School District
Statement of Activities (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenues			Ch	nanges in Net Po	sition	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Gran	pital its and ibutions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Total Primary Government (Carried Forward)	\$ 14,161,285	\$ 221,750	\$ 3,381,218	\$	- 0 -	\$ (10,436,269)	\$ (122,048	\$ (10,558,317)
	General Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes Occupation Assessment and Per Capita Taxes Earned Income Tax Public Utility Realty, Deed Transfer and In Lieu of Taxes Grants, Subsidies, and Contributions not Restricted				3,422,513 493,150 693,552 184,165 5,458,949		3,422,513 493,150 693,552 184,165 5,458,949	
		ment Earnings Ilaneous Income fers			33,775 128,929 (127,143)	49 127,143	128,929	
	Total General Rev and Transfers	venues, Special Ito	ems, Extraordinary	Items,		10,287,890	127,192	10,415,082
	Change in Net Po	sition				(148,379)	5,144	(143,235)
	Net Position - Beg	ginning				(6,215,968)	13,570	(6,202,398)
	Net Position - End	ling				\$ (6,364,347)	\$ 18,714	\$ (6,345,633)

Net (Expense) Revenue and

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	 General	Capital Reserve	G	Total overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Taxes Receivable, Net Intergovernmental Receivables Other Receivables	\$ 2,058,834 2,994,673 95,700 576,829 59,443	\$ 293,798	\$	2,352,632 2,994,673 95,700 576,829 59,443
Total Assets	\$ 5,785,479	\$ 293,798	\$	6,079,277
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$ 104,953.00 1,098,951 18,059	\$	\$	104,953.00 1,098,951 18,059
Total Liabilities	 1,221,963	 - 0 -		1,221,963
FUND BALANCES				
Committed Unassigned	1,750,000 2,813,516	293,798		2,043,798 2,813,516
Total Fund Balances	4,563,516	293,798		4,857,314
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,785,479	\$ 293,798	\$	6,079,277

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances -	Governmental Funds	
TUTAL FULIO DATALICES -	GOVERNIHENIAI FUNGS	

\$ 4,857,314

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$21,385,192 and the accumulated depreciation is \$12,746,344.

8,638,848

Delinquent tax revenues are not considered available and measurable until collected and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

932,195

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,134,881
Compensated Absences	(499,979)
Other Post Employment Benefits	(514,606)
Pension Obligation	(23,143,000)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(770,000)

(20,792,704)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ (6,364,347)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General	Capital Reserve	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Φ	Φ 0.700	Φ Ε 004 075
Local Sources	\$ 5,218,967	\$ 2,708	\$ 5,221,675
State Sources	8,023,104		8,023,104
Federal Sources	86,884		86,884
Total Revenues	13,328,955	2,708	13,331,663
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	8,131,481		8,131,481
Support Services	4,495,148		4,495,148
Non-Instructional Services	246,917		246,917
Total Expenditures	12,873,546	- 0 -	12,873,546
Excess (Deficiency) of			
Revenues over Expenditures	455,409	2,708	458,117
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating Transfers Out	(127,143)	- 0 -	(127,143)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(127,143)	- 0 -	(127,143)
Net Change in Fund Balances	328,266	2,708	330,974
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,235,250	291,090	4,526,340
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,563,516	\$ 293,798	\$ 4,857,314

Ridgway	Area	School	District
INGGWGV	/ N C G	OCHOOL	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 330,974

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period:

Capital Outlays
Less: Depreciation Expense

131,120

(394,660)

(263,540)

Because some tax revenues will not be collected for several months after the District's year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. This represents the net adjustment for tax revenues.

173,799

Payments to the Pennsylvania State Employees Retirement System (PSERS) are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities the payments either reduce the pension liability or increase the deferred outflows of resources. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are adjusted based upon actuarial computations and amortized over a certain period of time. The net change in pension liability and net deferred outflows/inflows is shown here.

(541,826)

In the statement of activities, certain operating expensescompensated absences (vacations and sick days) and other post employment benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.

Compensated Absences
Other Post Employment Benefits

203,733 (51,519)

152,214

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (148,379)

Ridgway Area School District

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Current Real Estate Tax	\$ 2,988,834	\$ 2,985,509	\$ 3,065,725	\$ 80,216
Public Utility Realty Tax	6,000	6,000	5,049	(951)
Current per Capita Tax - Sec 679	18,000	18,000	17,681	(319)
Current per Capita Tax - Act 511	18,000	18,000	17,681	(319)
Current Earned Income Tax	575,000	575,000	660,220	85,220
Occupation Tax	280,000	280,000	245,727	(34,273)
Local Services Tax	15,000	15,000	17,072	2,072
Real Estate Transfer Tax	45,000	45,000	31,651	(13,349)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	165,000	165,000	130,393	(34,607)
Delinquent Taxes	450,000	450,000	428,382	(21,618)
Total Taxes	4,560,834	4,557,509	4,619,581	62,072
Other Local Sources:				
Interest Income	25,000	25,000	31,067	6,067
Revenue from Intermediate Unit	245,000	230,000	338,997	108,997
Rentals	10,000	10,000	16,944	6,944
Athletic Events	24,000	24,000	27,327	3,327
Other Local Sources	17,174	35,500	185,051	149,551
Total Other Local Sources	321,174	324,500	599,386	274,886
Total Local Sources	4,882,008	4,882,009	5,218,967	336,958
State Sources:				
Basic Instructional Subsidy	4,909,265	4,909,265	5,106,552	197,287
Tuition for Orphans and Children				
Placed in Private Homes	8,000	8,000	- 0 -	(8,000)
Property Tax Relief Payment	352,397	352,396	352,397	1
Special Education of Exceptional				
Pupils	591,688	591,688	636,156	44,468
Transportation	345,000	345,000	388,844	43,844
Medical and Dental Services	20,000	20,000	17,453	(2,547)
Ready to Learn Grant	215,872	215,872	159,261	(56,611)
Social Security Tax Reimbursement	245,106	245,106	268,752	23,646
Retirement Reimbursement	961,995	961,995	1,093,689	131,694
Total State Sources	7,649,323	7,649,322	8,023,104	373,782

Ridgway Area School District

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Federal Sources:	400.000	400.000		(400,000)
Education of Disadvantaged Children	120,000	120,000	- 0 -	(120,000)
Medical Assistance - Access	30,000	30,000	85,000	55,000
Medical Assistance - Fees	1,000	1,000	1,884	884
Grant Contingency	150,000	150,000	-0-	(150,000)
Total Federal Sources	301,000	301,000	86,884	(214,116)
Total Revenues	\$12,832,331	\$12,832,331	\$ 13,328,955	\$ 496,624
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs	\$ 6,446,100	\$ 6,446,100	\$ 6,249,414	\$ 196,686
Special Programs	1,637,119	1,637,119	1,874,707	(237,588)
Other Instructional Programs	4,841	4,841	7,360	(2,519)
Other Adult Education Programs	7,340	7,340	- 0 -	7,340
Total Instruction	8,095,400	8,095,400	8,131,481	(36,081)
Support Services:				
Pupil Personnel	620,280	620,280	472,863	147,417
Instructional Staff	445,725	445,725	459,483	(13,758)
Administration	1,001,136	1,001,136	925,770	75,366
Pupil Health	194,340	194,340	173,070	21,270
Business Office	309,724	309,724	241,567	68,157
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,228,301	1,228,301	1,429,321	(201,020)
Transportation	710,500	710,500	752,385	(41,885)
Other Support Services	40,000	40,000	40,689	(689)
Total Support Services	4,550,006	4,550,006	4,495,148	54,858
Non-Instructional Services:				
Student Activities	212,145	212,145	233,502	(21,357)
Community Services	8,346	8,346	13,415	(5,069)
Total Non-Instructional Services	220,491	220,491	246,917	(26,426)

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Total Expenditures	12,865,897	12,865,897	12,873,546	(7,649)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(00.500)	(20, 500)	455 400	400.075
Over Expenditures	(33,566)	(33,566)	455,409	488,975
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfer Out	(135,937)	(135,937)	(127,143)	8,794
Budgetary Reserve	(73,985)	(73,985)	- 0 -	73,985
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(209,922)	(209,922)	(127,143)	82,779
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (243,488)	\$ (243,488)	328,266	\$ 571,754
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			4,235,250	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 4,563,516	

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

	rprise Fund od Service
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivables Inventories	\$ 18,741 4,138 18,611
Total Current Assets	41,490
Noncurrent Assets: Machinery and Equipment, Net	 6,046
Total Assets	47,536
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 - 0 -
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 47,536
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Student Lunch Advances	\$ 1,901 6,735
Noncurrent Liabilities: Long-Term Portion of Compensated Absence	 20,186
Total Liabilities	 28,822
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 - 0 -
NET POSITION	
Invested in Capital Assets Unrestricted	 6,046 12,668
Total Net Position	 18,714
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 47,536

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	prise Fund d Service
Operating Revenues:	
Food Service Revenue	\$ 180,107
Special Function Sales	 14,016
Total Operating Revenues	 194,123
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	186,231
Employee Benefits	188,622
Food and Supplies	249,137
Other Costs	1,832
Repairs and Maintenance	4,763
Depreciation	 4,002
Total Operating Expenses	 634,587
Operating Income (Loss)	 (440,464)
Non-Operating Revenues:	
Local Sources - Earnings on Investments	49
State Sources	50,138
Federal Sources	 268,278
Total Non-Operating Revenues	 318,465
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(121,999)
Transfer from General Fund	 127,143
Changes in Net Position	5,144
Total Net Position - Beginning	 13,570
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 18,714

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Food Se	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Users Cash Received from Other Operating Revenue Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	\$ 180,293 14,767 (373,569) (250,770) (6,595)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(435,874)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: State Sources Federal Sources Transfer from General Fund	50,137 264,371 127,143	
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		441,651
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		- 0 -
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Earnings on Investments	49	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		49
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		5,826
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		12,915
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year		\$ 18,741

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterpris Food S	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)		\$ (440,464)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) in Operating Activities: Depreciation	4,002	
Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable - Other (Increase) Decrease in Inventories Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payables Increase (Decrease) in Student Lunch Advances Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	3,460 751 (2,044) 411 186 (2,176)	
Total Adjustments		 4,590
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		\$ (435,874)

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	udent ctivity	olarship unds	Total duciary Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 69,603	\$ 5,219	\$ 74,822
Total Assets	\$ 69,603	\$ 5,219	\$ 74,822
LIABILITIES Due to Student Groups	\$ 69,603	\$	\$ 69,603
NET POSITION		F 040	F 040
Restricted for Scholarships	 	 5,219	 5,219
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 69,603	\$ 5,219	\$ 74,822

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Scholarship Funds (Fiduciary) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Additions: Interest and Dividend Earnings	\$ 258
Deductions: Scholarships Awarded	 190
Change in Net Position	68
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 5,151
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 5,219

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Ridgway Area School District (School District) is a third-class school district located in Elk County, Pennsylvania. Administrative offices are located on Boot Jack Road, Ridgway, Pennsylvania. The School District is one of fourteen school districts comprising Intermediate Unit #9, known as Seneca Highlands Intermediate Unit.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the School District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operation of each fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

The funds of the School District are categorized into the following three fund types:

<u>Governmental Fund Types</u> - These funds are used to account for most of the School District's finances. The focus is on determination of the financial position and changes in financial position (current financial resources) rather than on income determination.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School District not accounted for within other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Capital Reserve Fund is accounted for in this fund type.

<u>Proprietary Fund Type</u> - These fund types account for School District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector or where the reporting focus is on determining net income, financial position and changes in financial position (economic resources measurement focus).

<u>Enterprise Fund (Food Service)</u> - This fund is used to account for the School District's food service operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The fund accounts for all revenues, food purchases, and costs and expenses for the Food Service Program.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Type</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other groups. The School District excludes these activities from their government-wide financial statements because it cannot use those assets to finance its operations.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Agency Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the receipts and disbursements of monies from student activity organizations.

Other Fiduciary Funds - These funds account for resources to be used to provide scholarships to students of the Ridgway Area School District.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School District. As a general rule the effect of Interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. In addition, program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> are also provided in the report for all of the governmental funds, proprietary fund and the fiduciary funds of the School District. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds, if any, are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are presented by fund type.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the School District's enterprise fund are food service charges. Operating expenses for the District's enterprise fund include salaries and benefits, contracted services, supplies, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The School District reports the General Fund and Capital Reserve Fund as major governmental funds for the current year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Net position (total assets and deferred outflow of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) are used as a practical measure of economic resources and the operating statement includes all transactions and events that increased or decreased net position. Depreciation is charged as expense against current operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position.

The governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are susceptible to accrual (both measurable and available.) Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers tax revenue to be available if collected by the end of the fiscal period. Revenue from federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific school district expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as grants received in advance until earned. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, other post-employment benefits, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

As required by the School Laws of Pennsylvania, Public School Code of 1949, the School District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund. Included in the budget are all proposed expenditures for the fiscal year beginning July 1 and the sources of revenues to finance them.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The following procedures are followed to enact the budget:

- 1. The proposed budget is prepared and presented to the Board of Directors for preliminary approval during May.
- 2. Public Notice of proposed budget is published that budget is available for public inspection.
- 3. Final adoption of the budget by the Board is done by June 30th.
- 4. A copy of the final approved budget is required to be submitted to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Education.

The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended during the final nine months of the fiscal year by approval of two-thirds majority of the Board.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through May 22, 2018, the date the financial statements were available.

Investments and Cash Equivalents

Investments are valued using quoted market price which is equivalent to fair value.

Under section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the School District is permitted to invest funds in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of the agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of the agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or approved collateral as provided by law.

Cash equivalents in the basic financial statements include all highly-liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

<u>Inventory</u>

Donated food inventory is valued using the U.S. Department of Agriculture offer price at date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventories of education material and maintenance supplies are considered expenditures at time of purchase.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets purchased with long-term debt may be capitalized regardless of the thresholds established. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvement are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Year</u>
School Buildings	50
Building Improvements	50
Land Improvements	20
Vehicles	8
Equipment	10 - 20
Computer Hardware	5

Proprietary fund equipment purchases are capitalized in the proprietary fund at cost and depreciated straight-line over estimated useful lives of 5 to 10 years.

Compensated Absences

It is the School District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no limit to the number of sick days which may be accumulated. Upon retirement, eligible employees are paid an established rate per day depending upon their classification. All employees are considered 100% vested in these benefits and the amounts have been accrued in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. As adopted under GASB 63 and GASB 65, bond premiums and discounts would be deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs would be expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types would recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued would be reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances would be reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, would be reported as support service expenditures.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit and investment policy of the School District adheres to state statues. There were no deposits or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the School District.

Custodial credit risk related to deposits is risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District policy for custodial credit risk is that all accounts are insured to the maximum limit as provided by law and amounts invested in excess of the insured amount must be collateralized as provided by law. At year-end, \$1,995,781 of the School District's bank balance of \$5,503,380 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Uncollateralized Amount Above	\$1,995,781
Plus: Insured Amount	3,507,599
Deposits in Transit/Adjustments	- 0 -
Less: Outstanding Checks	(62,512)
Carrying Amount – Book Balance	5,440,868
Less: Certificates of Deposit – Investments Cash and Equivalents in Fiduciary Funds	(2,994,673) (74,822)
Total Cash per Statement of Net Position	\$2,371,373

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

As of June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u> `	<u>Value</u>
Bank Certificates of Deposit	1 - 12 Months	\$ 499,750
Bank Certificates of Deposit	13 - 24 Months	2,494,923
Total Investments		\$ 2,994,673

The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are in County National Bank savings and checking accounts. Investments in certificates of Deposit are through multiple financial institutions managed through County National Bank Wealth and Management.

NOTE 3 – TAX REVENUES

Current real estate taxes were levied in July, 2016 and payment dates were as follows:

```
Face less 2% discount - July 1, 2016 to August 31, 2016

At face - September 1, 2016 to October 31, 2016

Face plus 10% penalty - After October 31, 2016
```

The total assessed value of taxable real estate was \$102,810,517 and the value of oil/gas/mineral property was \$51,057. Tax was assessed at 36.6 mills on the value of real estate and 70.0 mills on the value of the oil/gas/mineral property. The total tax assessed was \$3,766,439 (net of Homestead/Farmstead credits of \$351,330).

Unpaid current year real estate taxes of \$323,900 were returned by the elected tax collectors to the Elk County Tax Claim Bureau during January, 2017.

Other Tax Revenues - In addition to real estate taxes, the District imposes the following taxes:

Per Capita Tax - Section 679	\$	5.00
Act 511 Taxes:		
Per Capita Tax	\$	5.00
Local Services Tax	\$	5.00
Occupation Assessment	11	00 Mills
Real Estate Transfer Tax		1%
Earned Income Tax		1%

Several of the Act 511 taxes are subject to apportionment with local municipalities that claim their respective 50 percent share.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

The balance of taxes receivable is comprised of the following:

	Г	nd			۸۱۱	wance		Net
	гu	na	GI	OSS	Allo	wance		vet
	State	ment	GA	SB 34	fo	or	GA	SB 34
	Tax	es	Ta	axes	Uncol	llectible	Ta	axes
	<u>Recei</u>	<u>vable</u>	Rece	<u>eivable</u>	<u>Ta</u>	xes	Rec	<u>eivable</u>
Local Service Tax	\$	369	\$	369	\$		\$	369
Real Estate Transfer Tax		1,743		1,743				1,743
Earned Income Tax		1,654		158,573		(39,230)		119,343
Delinquent Real Estate		77,503	į	540,025				540,025
Delinquent per Capita and								
Occupation Assessment		<u> 14,431</u>		467,669		101,254)	;	<u>366,415</u>
	\$	95,700	\$ 1,	168,379	\$ 1	140,484	<u>\$ 1,</u>	027,895

The allowance for uncollectible taxes was determined by management based on collection history.

NOTE 5 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Miscellaneous Reimbursable Costs

Total Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities

Intergovernmental receivables represent revenues earned by the School District as of June 30, 2017 but not yet received. The following summarizes the amounts due:

Federal Subsidies		
Due from the PA Department of Education for		
Medical Assistance – Access Funds	\$ 85,000	
Due from Seneca Highlands I.U. #9 for		
Idea Grant – Regular Program	<u>35,023</u>	
Total Federal Subsidies		120,023
State Subsidies		
Due from the PA Department of Education for:		
1. Social Security Reimbursement	86,637	
2. Retirement Reimbursement	<u>366,015</u>	
Total State Subsidies		452,652
Other Revenues		
Due from Seneca Highlands I.U. #9 for		

4,155

\$ 576,830

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 5 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES (continued)

Business-Type Activities

Federal Subsidies

Due from the PA Department of Education for

the Food Service Program \$ 4,125

State Subsidies

Due from the PA Department of Education for

the Food Service Program ______13

Total Business-Type Activities \$ 4,138

NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 112,436	\$	\$	\$ 112,436
Construction in Progress	232,871		232,871	
Total Capital Assets not being				
Depreciated	345,307	- 0 -	232,871	<u>112,436</u>
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	660,472			660,472
Buildings and Improvements	18,127,635	232,871		18,360,506
Equipment	2,120,658	<u>131,120</u>		2,251,778
Total at Recorded Cost	20,908,765	363,991	<u> </u>	21,272,756
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	597,526	5,006		602,532
Buildings and Improvements	10,021,162	296,154		10,317,316
Equipment	<u>1,732,996</u>	93,500		<u>1,826,496</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	12,351,684	394,660	<u> </u>	12,746,344
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated, Net	8,557,081	(30,669)	<u> </u>	8,526,412
Governmental Activities,				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 8,902,388	\$ (30,669)	\$ 232,871	\$ 8,638,848

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 6 – CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Business Type Activities:

Capital Assets being Depreciated:

Equipment	\$	368,440	\$		\$	\$	368,440
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Equipment		358,392		4,002	 		362,394
Business Type Activities, Capital Assets, Net	\$	10,048	<u>\$</u>	4,002	\$ - 0 -	<u>\$</u>	6,046
Depreciation expense was charged to ful	nctior	ns/programs	as fo	ollows:			
Instruction:							
Regular			\$	197,168			
Special				32,475			
Oher Instructional Programs				2,319			
					231,962		

Instructional Support:	
Instructional Staff	73,335
Administration	27,866
Operation & Maintenance Services	56,253

157,454

Non-Instructional Support:

Student Activities238Unallocated5,006Total Depreciation Expense\$ 394,660

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities of the School District consist of the following:

	Governmental	Bus	iness-Type
	<u>Activities</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>
Compensated Absences	\$ 835,136	\$	20,186
Other Post-Employment Benefits	514,606		
Net Pension Liability	23,143,000		
	\$ 24,492,742	\$	20,186

Compensated Absences

Employees of the School District are entitled to paid compensated absences, depending on job classification, length of service and other factors. The liability as reported is based upon current collective bargaining agreements and on the administrative management plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Other post-employment benefits are fully disclosed in Note 9.

Net Pension Liability

Net Pension Liability is fully disclosed in Note 8.

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member Contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.5% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

Employer Contribution:

The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was 29.20% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$1,752,352 for the year ended June 30, 2017, which includes accrued pension costs of \$602,137.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$23,143,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was .0467 percent, which was an increase of .0009 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,237,707. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ferred Inflows of Resources
Net Difference Between Projected and		-	
Actual Investment Earnings	\$ 1,290,000	\$	
Changes of Assumptions	835,000		
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience			193,000
Changes in Proportions	314,000		577,000
Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	1,695,881		
	\$ 4,134,881	\$	770,000

\$1,695,881 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Yea	ar er	ided	June	: 30:
--------------------	-----	-------	------	------	-------

2017	\$ 242,000
2018	242,000
2019	620,000
2020	565,000
2021	-
Thereafter	 _
	\$ 1,669,000

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total Pension Liability beginning June 30, 2016.

- The Investment Rate of Return was adjusted from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.0% to 2.75%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by the Board at its June 10, 2016 Board meeting, and were effective beginning with the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Public Equity	22.5%	5.3%
Fixed Income	28.5%	2.1%
Commodities	8.0%	2.5%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.3%
Risk Parity	10.0%	3.9%
Infrastructure/MLPs	5.0%	4.8%
Real Estate	12.0%	4.0%
Alternative Investments	15.0%	6.6%
Cash	3.0%	0.2%
Financing (LIBOR)	(14.0%)	0.5%
	100%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually require rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.25%	7.000/		
District's Proportionate Share of				
the Net Pension Liability	\$ 28,310,000	\$ 23,143,000	\$ 18,801,000	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, Ridgway Area School District offers a defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan which provides medical and other benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries. The District is a member of an agent multiple-employer post-employment plan as administered by the Seneca Highlands I.U. Health Consortium. Benefits for teachers and support staff covered by the collective bargaining contracts are established through negotiations between the School District and the union representing those employees and subject to negotiation at the expiration of the contracts. Benefits for non-contract employees are established by School District policy. All benefits to the retirees' cease at the time the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare. The Consortium does issue a publicly available financial report which can be obtained through the School District.

Funding Policy

As established by either collective bargaining or School District policy, the District provides various amounts of premium sharing with retirees and employees that range from the retiree paying the amount in excess of the cost of coverage at the time of retirement, paying the District the amount of PSERS supplement that is received each month or as determined by Act 110/43.

Act 110/43 Benefit: All employees are eligible for this benefit upon retirement with 30 years of PSERS service or upon superannuation retirement (age 60 with 30 years of service, age 62 with 1 year of service, or 35 years of service regardless of age). Retired employees are allowed to continue coverage for themselves and their dependents in the employer's group health plan until the retired employee reaches Medicare age. In order to obtain coverage, retired employees must provide payment equal to the premium determined for the purpose of COBRA.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on any ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year, and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the component of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated amount contributed to the plan and the changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 187,576
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	20,839
Adjustment to ARC	 (105,487)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	102,928
Estimated Contributions Made	 (51,409)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	51,519
Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of Year	 463,087
Net OPEB Obligation – End of Year	\$ 514,606

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of March 1, 2014, the date of the most recent actuarial report, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$657,005, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,796,361, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 11.33 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets. In subsequent years, this schedule will present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actual value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (continued)

In the March 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial assumptions were used:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Investment Rate of Return 4.50 Percent

Projected Salary Increases 2.5 Percent cost of living adjustment,

1.0 percent real wage growth and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from

2.75 percent to 0.25 percent

Amortization Method Level dollars, 5 year open period

Amortization Period 5 years

Asset Valuation Method N/A – the plan is unfunded

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCE

The School District has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," which classifies fund balances based upon the relative strength of the constraints that control the purposes for which specific amounts can be spent. From the most restrictive to the least restrictive, fund balance classifications are:

- 1. Non-spendable amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted amounts that are constrained for a specific purpose through restrictions of external parties or by enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed amounts that are constrained for specific purposes as approved by formal action of the governments highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4. Assigned amounts that are constrained for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed.
- 5. Unassigned residual classification for the general fund, it includes all amounts that are not constrained as reported in all other classifications.

The Board of Directors is the school's highest level decision making authority. The board must approve the commitment or modification of fund balance. The School has adopted policies in which it considers committed fund balance to be spent when expenditures have been specifically identified to release the commitment. Other classifications of fund balance can be made by the Business Manager of the District. The District will strive to maintain an unassigned general fund balance of not less than 5 percent and not more than 10 percent of the budgeted expenditures for that fiscal year. The total fund balance may exceed 10 percent.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2017

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCE (continued)

Classifications of fund balances on the balance sheet consist of the following:

Committed:

General Fund:

Projected Increases in Retirement Costs \$ 1,750,000

Capital Reserve Fund:

Future Capital Projects of the District 293,798

Total Committed Fund Balance on the Balance Sheet \$ 2,043,798

NOTE 11 – CONTRACTS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The School District has begun a roof renovation project for the middle/high school building. Phase 1 of the project cost \$232,871 and was completed during the summer of 2015. Phase II of the project is scheduled to be completed during the summer of 2017. Estimated cost of phase II is \$396,634.

The School District participates in both state and federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The School District is potentially liable for any expenditure which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

General Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

Medical Benefits

The District participates in a multiple employer cost-sharing trust for self-insuring hospitalization expenses. The trust makes monthly premium payments to its program administrator who pays claims submitted. Participating Districts pay monthly premiums based upon claims paid experience, plus a premium stabilization amount. The administrator reconciles claims paid against premiums received on an annual basis. Any excess of premiums received over claims paid is returned to the trust, any deficiency of premiums received over claims paid must be remitted to the administrator by the trust. Any deficiency in excess of available trust fund assets must be financed by the individual trust participants.

Ridgway Area School District
Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2017

GASB 45 SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

(\$000's)

	A -4		Unfunded			UAL as a
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	Accrued Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
March 1, 2008	\$ -0-	\$ 1,238	\$ 1,238	0.00%	\$ 5,972	20.73%
March 1, 2011	\$ -0-	\$ 997	\$ 997	0.00%	\$ 6,177	16.14%
March 1, 2014	\$ -0-	\$ 657	\$ 657	0.00%	\$ 5,796	11.33%

GASB 45 SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

(\$000's)

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2011	\$ 222	60%	\$ 298
June 30, 2012	\$ 190	80%	\$ 336
June 30, 2013	\$ 184	80%	\$ 373
June 30, 2014	\$ 179	70%	\$ 427
June 30, 2015	\$ 110	103%	\$ 424
June 30, 2016	\$ 110	64%	\$ 463
June 30, 2017	\$ 102	50%	\$ 515

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Ridgway Area School District
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years* June 30, 2017

	20	13	2014	 2015	 2016
District's Proportion of NPL	C	0.0483%	0.0476%	0.0458%	0.0467%
District's Proportionate Share of NPL	\$ 19,7	72,000 \$	18,840,000	\$ 19,839,000	\$ 23,143,000
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	6,1	98,973	6,071,248	5,889,647	6,044,399
District's Proportionate Share of NPL as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	3	18.96%	310.32%	296.87%	382.88%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total NPL		54.49%	57.24%	54.36%	50.14%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

^{*-}for those years that are available

Schedule of District Contributions
Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*
June 30, 2017

	2015	2016	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,183,977	\$ 1,461,597	\$ 1,646,774
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	1,183,977	1,461,597	1,646,774
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 6,177,517	\$ 6,044,399	\$ 5,701,365
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	19.17%	24.18%	28.88%

^{*-}for those years that are available

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

The prior year's audit report did not disclose any audit findings or questioned costs which would be required to be included on this schedule.

Larry A. Gabler, CPA Megan R. Troxell, CPA Gregory L. Yutzey, CPA Inactive Telephone: (814) 371-1760 Fax: (814) 375-1003 Email: info@mygtcpa.com P.O. Box 1029 2882 Oklahoma Salem Road DuBois, PA 15801

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Ridgway Area School District P.O. Box 447, Boot Jack Road Ridgway, PA 15853

Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ridgway Area School District, Ridgway, PA, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Ridgway Area School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 22, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Ridgway Area School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ridgway Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ridgway Area School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.





Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ridgway Area School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauthe, Yutzey, Gabler & Troxell, LLC

Manthe, July, Subler Shaped UC

Certified Public Accountants

May 22, 2018